



O Hatcheries Grow out sites EYRE PENINSULA SOUTH AUSTRALIA O Arno Bay **Spencer Gulf AUSTRALIA** Port Lincoln Adelaide SOUTH **AUSTRALIA EYRE PENINSULA**

From a land far away

Yellowtail Kingfish are indigenous to the remote, crystal-clear waters of Spencer Gulf off the Eyre Peninsula, known as the continent's seafood frontier thanks to high and unique biodiversity.

Its rugged, untamed coastline enjoys a cool, temperate, Mediterranean-style climate, which provides a nursery for the country's iconic marine species.

All year Hiramasa Kingfish are nourished by the pure, nutrient-rich Antarctic currents that flow freely from the Great Southern Ocean to the Gulf in which our prized Kingfish feed.



















${\it Exceptional versatility}$

Hiramasa Kingfish's firm white-to-light-pink flesh boasts a sweet, rich, clean flavor of consistently high standard.

Its high fat content (around 35% for belly, 14% for top loin and averaging 20%) is superbly moist unadorned as sashimi, yet rich enough to hold its own when paired with more robust flavors, including meat. For the same reason, Hiramasa's skin crisps brilliantly too.

Whether classic summer or warming winter fare, the versatility of Hiramasa Kingfish makes it a fish for every season.





Aquaculture trailblazers

Clean Seas was formed by the Stehr Group in 2000 and was publicly listed in 2005.

Our company's initial purpose was to propagate and grow Southern Bluefin Tuna, however its secondary endeavour with regional indigenous Kingfish became highly prized in its own right.

As a consequence, Clean Seas refocused its efforts on sustainable production of Hiramasa and as Australia's only commercial producer of Kingfish is now recognized globally within the country's emerging aquaculture industry.















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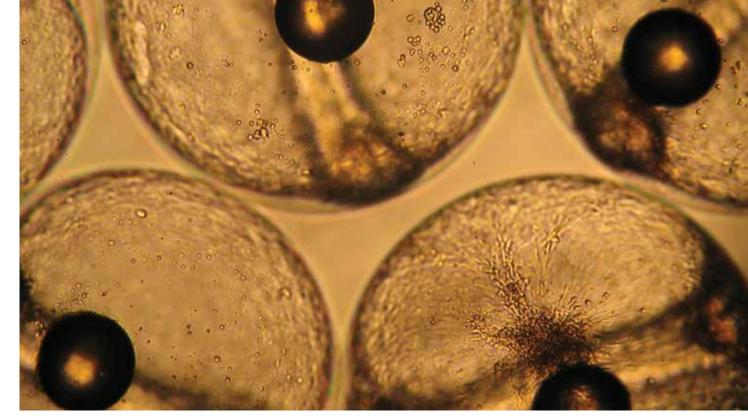
R&D experts

Clean Seas considers research fundamental to product quality, sustainability and business success.

Our team of experts collaborates extensively with world-leading institutions and our proprietary studies have resulted in halving dependence on fish meal and fish oil in feeds, significantly lowering the Fish Conversion Ratio.

Never content with the status quo, Clean Seas is committed to continual innovation and improvement through R&D to ensure the highest quality grade while improving sustainability and reducing environmental impact in the process.





In the beginning...

At our Arno Bay hatchery, the cycle of life commences with Clean Seas' precious farmgrown eggs, produced to exacting standards directly from specially selected broodstock.

The eggs are carefully transferred to an incubator where they hatch just 48 hours later, at which time the new larvae are gently bathed before being transferred to custom-designed larval rearing tanks.

For the next 21 days, the larvae enjoy a diet of live feeds (rotifers and artemia) until they are precisely 0.1 grams.



















Fostered by experts

At 0.1 grams, the tiny fingerlings are transferred to a nursery for weaning onto specially formulated feed with ingredients which are precisely balanced for optimal nourishment.

75 days after hatching they are a healthy 20 grams and ready to be transferred to the crystal-clear waters surrounding Port Lincoln.

The fingerlings are helicoptered into open sea pens four times annually, resulting in a year-round harvest of consistently rich, sustainable Hiramasa across every season.





$Sustainability\ champions$

Clean Seas champions world's best practice in sustainability and intentionally exceeds stringent government regulations to ensure viable stocks for the future.

Consequently we were the first aquaculture company in the Southern Hemisphere certified sustainable by the internationally-recognised Friend of the Sea accreditation system, which audits seafood operations in over 50 countries.

Environmental impact is managed by fallowing and stocking limits and is strictly monitored by the South Australian government.

















Nature and nurture

From 75 days, Hiramasa Kingfish reside for the duration in the crisp, cool waters of the Spencer Gulf.

Pure Antarctic currents complement specially-formulated daily feeds, which are precisely balanced for optimal nourishment and growth.

Safeguarded against predators and encountering minimal stress along the way (which is key to producing healthy, delicious fish) our Hiramasa are harvested at 16-24 months as they grow to the highly soughtafter sashimi grade size of 4+kgs.





Long live the King

Hiramasa Kingfish are harvested quickly and efficiently to minimise stress, utilsing modern equipment that instantly stuns the fish in an Ikejime-like manner. Once stunned and bled the fish are immediately placed in chilled seawater.

Depending on the time of year, average whole fish sizes range from 3.8 to 5+ kilos and fillet sizes run between 1.4 to 1.8 kilos.

Hiramasa Kingfish also provide a superior shelf life compared with other white fish; 10 days for fresh Hiramasa if properly chilled at 40° Fahrenheit or below and 2 years for frozen Hiramasa if properly stored at 0° Farenheit or below.













Nicky RiemerUnion Dining
Melbourne, Australia







A palette for the palate

Hiramasa Kingfish has long been renowned as a superb sashimi fish, but it's increasingly being acclaimed for its extraordinary versatility.

Its broad-flaked texture and minimal bone structure is also favoured by restaurants for its easy eating and extraordinary mouth feel.



Fast facts

Latin Name: Seriola lalandi **Country of Origin:** Australia **Breed:** Yellowtail Kingfish

Provenance: Spencer Gulf, Port Lincoln,

South Australia

Certified Sustainable: Friend of the Sea

Operational scale: 2 farms **Fish density:** 15kg/cubic meter **Harvesting:** 16-24 months

Fish Growth:

Fish grow well from November to May.

Once the ocean water temperatures drop in temperature heading into winter, increases in fish weight taper off until the spring season arrives in October/November.

Year Class:

A new year class starts in January/February so there are naturally smaller fish at the beginning of the year, with an increase in size during. The largest fish tend to get harvested December/January due to the single year class. Sizing on the big fish can meet or even exceed 5kg.



















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